

ENCLOSURE TYPES

NEMA

(<u>National Electrical Manufacturer's Association</u>)

UL (<u>Underwriters</u> <u>Laboratories</u>)

- Similarities & one key difference
- (21) Enclosures
- Summary
- Contact

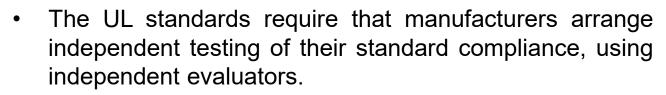
- Both agencies use the same enclosure ID's (1, 2, 3, etc.).
- Both agencies have very similar wording when describing the application and the requirements. Therefore for this presentation, we will not get into any of those details or minor wording differences.

We will concentrate on the **intended application** for each of the enclosures.



The one key difference between the two sets of standards, is in the area of testing.







 NEMA standards have no such independent testing requirement, and they allow manufacturers (members of NEMA) to monitor their own compliance.



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UL 50E

STANDARD FOR SAFETY

Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations The UL requirements for all nonhazardous locations can be found in UL Standard **UL 50E**.

The UL requirements for enclosures in Hazardous locations can be found in **UL 1230**.







Falling Dust

NEMA 1 or UL Type 1

Type 1 is an electrical enclosure built for indoor applications. This is the base unit. It really has two purposes:

- 1. Keep people away from parts that could be hazardous to them. It is designed to stop people from touching live electrical parts, accidentally.
- 2. Protection against falling dust from getting inside the enclosure and potentially disrupting things or causing overheating and a potential fire hazard.





Falling Dust

Dripping & Light splashing water

NEMA 2 or UL Type 2

Type 2 serves the same function as Type 1 (indoor applications) but includes protection against dripping and light splashing water from entering the enclosure above live parts.

DRIP TEST (UL): (1) drip source for each 20 sq.-in.; (20) drops of water/minute for (30) minutes. No water is visible on the live parts, insulating material, or mechanism parts, and no water has entered any space within the enclosure in which wiring may be present under any proper installation conditions.









Windblown Dust



Sleet

Snow

NEMA 3 or UL Type 3

Type 3 electrical enclosures are built for outdoor applications (but can be also used indoors). These enclosures are intended to prevent against windblown dust, rain, sleet and snow. In addition, the enclosure (and the components within) must not be damaged by sheet ice forming on the enclosure.

WINDBLOWN DUST TEST (UL): Talcum powder, sprayed at 90-100 lbs/sq.in. at a rate of 5 lbs./minute from a distance of 12 -15 inches. No dust can enter the enclosure.

RAIN TEST (UL): (3) spray nozzles of a specific design; 5 psi water pressure at each nozzle; run for (1) hour. There is no accumulation of water within the enclosure; and no water has entered the enclosure at a level higher than the lowest live part





Rain

Sleet

Snow

Ventilation

NEMA 3R or UL Type 3R

Type 3R enclosures are identical to the requirements for Type 3, but 3R allows ventilation (usually in the form of louvers) and as such the requirement to protect against windblown dust has been removed. If windblown dust is a concern, then louvers with filters are quite commonly employed.





NEMA 3S or UL Type 3S

The Type 3S enclosures have the same requirements as the Type 3, but the Type 3S includes a requirement that external mechanisms remain operable when ice-laden.

EXTERNAL ICING TEST (UL): Build up of ice of ³/₄" thick on a test bar next to the unit under test. External mechanisms can be manually operated by one person without any damage to the enclosure, internal equipment, or the mechanism.





NEMA 3X or UL Type 3X

Type 3X enclosures are identical to the requirements for Type 3, but 3X, requires extra corrosion protection.

OUTDOOR CORROSION PROTECTION (UL):

- 600 hour salt spray test, must have same or better results than same test of G90 galvanized specimen.
- 1200 hour moist carbon dioxide-sulphur dioxide-air test. Too many detailed conformance results to describe here.







Ventilation

Corrosion Protection



Sleet

Snow

NEMA 3RX or UL Type 3RX

(UL introduced in 2016)

Type 3RX enclosures are identical to the requirements for Type 3R, but 3RX, requires extra corrosion protection.





Windblown Dust

Rain

Sleet

Snow

External Icing



Corrosion Protection

NEMA 3SX or UL Type 3SX

Type 3SX enclosures combine the requirements for both 3S and 3X





NEMA 4 or UL Type 4

Type 4 enclosures are more stringent than Type 3 enclosures, in that this category adds the requirement to provide protection against splashing and hose directed water. This category is primarily used where wash-down with a commercial hose is intended, such as in food preparation facilities and/or meat processing plants. These enclosures are typically referred to as "rain-tight" or "water tight".

HOSEDOWN TEST (UL): 1" ID hose; 65 gals./min. from a distance of 10-12 feet; move at a rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ "/sec. No water can enter the enclosure.





Hosedown

Sleet

Corrosion Protection

NEMA 4X or UL Type 4X

Type 4X enclosures have the same requirements as Type 4 enclosures, but have the added corrosion protection requirement. This type of enclosure is often found where disinfectants and/or chemicals are used during the wash-down process.





Indoor



Dripping & Light splashing water



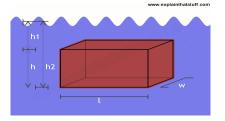
Settling/Circulating Dust

NEMA 5 or UL Type 5

Type 5 enclosures are "dust-proof" and are intended for indoor use only. They also include the same requirements as Type 2 enclosures with respect to water.

SETTLING DUST TEST (UL): Talcum powder; .85 oz./cubic foot; circulate air 15 seconds ON, 30 seconds OFF for 7 cycles. No dust can enter the enclosure.





Submersion



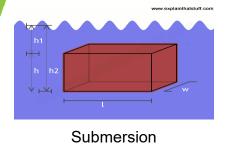
Sleet

NEMA 6 or UL Type 6

Type 6 enclosures are intended to provide protection against water submersion for a limited depth and time. These enclosures also have to withstand ice formation.

SUBMERSION TEST (UL): Highest point of enclosure 6 feet below the surface. 30 minute test. No water can enter the enclosure.









Internal Pressure

Sleet

NEMA 6P or UL Type 6P

Type 6P enclosures are intended to provide protection against water submersion for a limited depth and time and must also withstand an internal pressure increase. These enclosures also have to withstand ice formation

INTERNAL PRESSURE TEST (UL): Internal air pressure raised to 6 psi above ambient. After 24 hours, internal psi must be no lower than 4 psi above ambient, and no permanent deformation to the enclosure.

EXTERNAL PRESSURE TEST (UL): Highest point of enclosure 6 feet below the surface. 24 hour test. No water can enter the enclosure







Class I, Zone 1, Group IIA (Group D) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB (Group C) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIC (Group A) Zone 20 and Zone 21 (Class II, Div. 1)

Indoor

Contain Internal Explosion

NEMA 7 – or UL Type 7

These units are designed specifically for use in indoor hazardous locations. They are designed to contain any internal explosion without causing any external hazards.





Windblown Dust

Rain

Sleet

Snow





Class I, Zone 1, Group IIA (Group D) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB (Group C) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIC (Group A) Zone 20 and Zone 21 (Class II, Div. 1)

Outdoor

Contain Internal Explosion

NEMA 8 – or UL Type 8

These units are similar to Type 7, but are intended for outdoor applications.





Class I, Zone 1, Group IIA (Group D) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB (Group C) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIC (Group A) Zone 20 and Zone 21 (Class II, Div. 1)



Contain Internal Explosion

Prevent Ignition of Combustible Dust

NEMA 9 – or UL Type 9

These units are also intended for indoor hazardous locations (same as Type 7) but are required to prevent the ignition of combustible dust.





Class I, Zone 1, Group IIA (Group D) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB (Group C) Class I, Zone 1, Group IIC (Group A) Zone 20 and Zone 21 (Class II, Div. 1)

Contain Internal Explosion



NEMA 10 - no UL equivalent

These units are identical to Type 7, NEMA however adds the notation that they are to meet the requirements of Mine Safety and Health Administration. MSHA publishes a Code of Federal Regulations, entitled Title 30 Mineral Resources (806 pages)







Falling Dust



Protection from Corrosive Liquids & Gases

NEMA 11 – no UL equivalent

These units are similar to Type 2, but include protection against the corrosive effects of liquids and gases.







Settling/Circulating Dust



NO Knockouts

NEMA 12 or UL Type 12

Type 12 enclosures are a "general" purpose enclosure, intended for indoor use, and by requirement, are not manufactured with knockouts.







Settling/Circulating Dust



Knockouts

NEMA 12K or UL Type 12K

Type 12K enclosures are identical to Type 12, but 12K enclosures are manufactured with knockouts.







Dripping & Light splashing water



Light spraying of water

NEMA 13 or UL Type 13

Type 13 enclosures are an extension of Type 2 and includes protection against light spraying of water.



			NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS			
	INDOOR <u>All the below enclosures protect against:</u> • Access to Hazardous Parts • Falling Dust		OUTDOOR		SUBMERSIBLE	
			All the below enclosures require protect against: • Access to Hazardous Parts • Falling Dust • Dripping & Light Splashing of water • Rain, Snow, Sleet	All the below enclosures require protect against: Access to Hazardous Parts Falling Dust Submersion Dripping & Light Splashing of water Rain, Snow, Sleet External lcing Corrosion Protection 		
1		3	Windblown Dust	6		
2	Dripping & Light Splashing of water	35	Windblown DustExternal Icing	6P	• Pressure	
5	 Dripping & Light Splashing of water Settling air-borne dust, fibers 	ЗSX	 Windblown Dust External Icing Corrosion Protection 			
11	• Protection from Corrosive Liquids & Gases	ЗХ	Windblown Dust Corrosion Protection			
12	 Dripping & Light Splashing of water Settling air-borne dust, lint, fibers Circulating dust, lint, fibers Oil & Coolant Seepage NO knockouts 	3R	Ventilation allowed			
12K	 Dripping & Light Splashing of water Circulating dust, lint, fibers Settling air-borne dust, lint, fibers Oil & Coolant Seepage Knockouts 	3RX	Ventilation allowedCorrosion Protection			
13	 Dripping & Light Splashing of water Settling air-borne dust, lint, fibers Circulating dust, lint, fibers Oil & Coolant Seepage Oil or Coolant spraying and splashing 	4	Windblown DustHosedown and Splashing Water			
			Windblown Dust			
		4X	Hosedown and Splashing Water			
			Corrosion Protection			

HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS						
INDOOR			OUTDOOR			
	 All the below enclosures protect against: Contain internal explosion without casuing external hazards 		All the below enclosures protect against: • Contain internal explosion without casuing external hazards			
7		8				
9	Prevent ignition of combustible dust					
10	 Comply with MSHA requirements 					



ESL Power Systems, Inc.

Corona, CA

ESL designs and manufactures innovative electrical engineering solutions and products of unparalleled quality to assist businesses worldwide safely connect their equipment. Our innovative products help to make our environment cleaner, and ensure businesses remain operational by providing safe and reliable electrical connections.

- Fully integrated, OEM/Custom Manufacturer
- Established in 1991
- (2) production facilities totaling over 50,000 SqFt.
- Products installed in over 64 countries
- Multiple UL files (508A, 1008, 231, 891, 50...)





ESL's Product Lines





Wayside Power for Connecting Locomotives

Shore Power to Connect Ships



Med. Voltage Safety Interlocked Disconnect Cabinets for E-RTG Applications



Reefer Outlet Assemblies

for Refrigerated

Containers



Custom Solutions



eTRUconnect[®] -Refrigerated Truck Trailer Shore Power



Show Switch Power Distribution for Theatres/Arenas



Shipyard Power Distribution Units Emergency Power Connection Equipment for Roll up generators



Industrial Portable Power



Thank You!

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